	Vocal Music	Number of Instructional Days
Unit 1	Rhythm and Beat	10 (integrated throughout the year)
Unit 2	Melody and Vocal Production	<b>10</b> (Integrated throughout the year)
Unit 3	<u>Form</u>	<b>10</b> (Integrated throughout the year)
Unit 4	Instruments	<b>10</b> (Integrated throughout the year)

Vocal Music Grade: 5

# Unit 1: Rhythm and Beat

**Unit Overview:** In the Fifth Grade rhythm and beat unit, students will continue to discover music has a steady beat and continue to identify that the beat can be fast and/or slow tempo. Students will identify the difference between rhythm and beat, explore time signature in 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 5/4, and 6/8 time, identify and create rhythm patterns, and use standard rhythmic notation for whole note (ta-a-a-a), dotted half note (ta-a-a), half note (ta-a), dotted quarter note (tum), quarter note (ta), eighth note joined (ti-ti) or separate (ti), whole rest (rest rest rest rest), dotted half rest (rest rest), dotted quarter rest, quarter rest (rest) and eighth rest. Also, understanding rhythmic notation can help students make connections to early literacy.

### New Jersey Student Learning Standards

### 1.3.A.5.Cr - Creating

- **1.3A.5.Cr1a:** Generate and improvise rhythmic, melodic and harmonic ideas, and simple accompaniment patterns and chord changes. Explain connection to specific purpose and context (e.g., social, cultural, historical).
- **1.3A.5.Cr2a:** Demonstrate developed musical ideas for improvisations, arrangements or compositions to express intent. Explain connection to purpose and context.
- **1.3A.5.Cr2b:** Use standard and/or iconic notation and/or recording to document personal rhythmic, melodic and two chord harmonic musical ideas.
- **1.3A.5.Cra:** Evaluate, refine and document revisions to personal music, applying collaboratively developed criteria, showing improvement over time and explaining rationale for changes.
- **1.3A.5.Cr3b:** Present to others final versions of personally and collaboratively created music that demonstrate craftsmanship. Explain connection to expressive intent.

### 1.3.A.5.Pr - Performing

- **1.3A.5.Pr4a:** Demonstrate and explain how the selection of music to perform is influenced by personal interest, knowledge and context as well as the students' technical skill.
- **1.3A.5.Pr4b:** Demonstrate an understanding of the structure and expanded music concepts (e.g., rhythm, pitch, form, harmony) in music selected for performance.
- **1.3A.5.Pr4c:** Analyze selected music by reading and performing using standard notation.
- **1.3A.5.Pr4d:** Explain how context (e.g., personal, social, cultural, historical) informs performances.
- **1.3A.5.Pr4e:** Convey creator's intents through the performers' interpretive decisions of expanded expressive qualities (e.g., dynamics, tempo, timbre, articulation/style)
- **1.3A.5.Pr5a:** Apply teacher-provided and established criteria and feedback to evaluate the accuracy and expressiveness of ensemble and personal performance.
- **1.3A.5.Pr5b:** Rehearse to refine technical accuracy and expressive qualities to address challenges and show improvement over time.
- 1.3A.5.Pr6a: Perform music, alone or with others, with expression, technical accuracy and appropriate interpretation.
- **1.3A.5.Pr6b:** Demonstrate performance decorum and audience etiquette appropriate for the context, venue, genre, and style.

### 1.3.A.5.Re - Responding

- **1.3A.5.Re7a:** Demonstrate and explain, citing evidence, how selected music connects to and is influenced by specific interests, experiences, purposes, or contexts.
- **1.3A.5.Re7b:** Demonstrate and explain, citing evidence, how responses to music are informed by the structure, the use of the elements of music, and context (i.e., social, cultural, historical).
- 1.3A.5.Re8a: Evaluate musical works and performances, applying established criteria, and

explain appropriateness to the context citing evidence from the elements of music.

**1.3A.5.Re9a:** Demonstrate and explain how the expressive qualities (e.g., dynamics, tempo, timbre, articulation) are used in performers' and personal interpretations to reflect expressive intent.

# 1.3.A.5.Cn - Connecting

- **1.3A.5.Cn10a:** Demonstrate how interests, knowledge, and skills related to personal choices and intent when creating, performing, and responding to music. (This Performance Expectation is embedded in the following Artistic Processes: 1.3A.5.Cr2a, 1.3A.5.Cr3b, 1.3A.5.Pr4e, 1.3A.5.Re7a)
- **1.3A.5Cn11a:** Demonstrate understanding of relationships between music and the other arts, other disciplines, varied contexts, and daily life. (This Performance Expectation is embedded in the following Artistic Processes: 1.3A.5.Cr2a, 1.3A.5.Cr2b, 1.3A.5.Pr4e, 1.3A.5.Re7a)

1.3A.5.Cr3b, 1.3A.5.Pr4e, 1.3A.5.Re7a)	
Essential Questions	
1.How do musicians generate creative ideas?	
2. How do musicians make creative decisions?	
3. How do musicians improve the quality of their creative work?	
4. How do performers select repertoire?	
5. How do musicians improve the quality of their performance?	
6. When is a performance judged ready to present? How do context and the manner in which musical work is presented influence audience response?	

7. Individuals' selection of musical works is influenced by their interests, experiences, understandings, and purposes. Response to music is informed by analyzing context (e.g., social, cultural, historical) and how creator(s) or performer(s) manipulate the elements of music.

# Anchor Standard 8: Interpreting intent and meaning.

8. Through their use of elements and structures of music, creators and performers provide clues to their expressive intent.

# Anchor Standard 9: Applying criteria to evaluate products.

9. The personal evaluation of musical work(s) and performance(s) is informed by analysis, interpretation, and established criteria.

# Anchor Standard 10: Synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal experiences to create products.

10. Musicians connect their personal interests, experiences, ideas, and knowledge to creating, performing, and responding.

# Anchor Standard 11: Relating artistic ideas and works within societal, cultural, and historical contexts to deepen understanding..

11. Musicians connect their personal interests, experiences, ideas, and knowledge to creating, performing, and responding.

- 7. How do individuals choose music to experience? How does understanding the structure and context of music inform a response?
- 8. How do we discern the musical creators' and performers' expressive intent?
- 9. How do we judge the quality of musical work(s) and performance(s)?
- 10. How do musicians make meaningful connections to creating, performing, and responding?
- 11. How do the other arts, other disciplines, contexts, and daily life inform creating, performing, and responding to music?

	music:
Unit Goals	Teaching Points
Rhythm and Beat	<ul> <li>Perform rhythms with the teacher as the leader and the class/soloist as the echo.</li> </ul>
	With teacher guidance, create rhythm patterns at various tempi.
	Perform as a class and a soloist a steady beat using various tempi
	Perform and identify the difference between steady beat and unsteady beat.
	Perform and identify the difference between steady beat and rhythm.
	• Perform rhythm patterns identifying the difference between whole note (ta-a-a-a),
	dotted half note (ta-a-a), half note (ta-a), quarter note (ta), eighth note joined (ti-ti) or
	separate (ti), whole rest (rest rest rest rest), dotted half rest, half rest (rest rest), quarter rest
	(rest) and eighth rest, including syncopated rhythms.
	<ul> <li>Perform songs using steady beat and rhythms to vary dynamic levels (forte/piano,</li> </ul>
	crescendo and decrescendo).
	Reflect/self-critique acquired rhythmic skills alone and as a group.
	• Listen to various examples of rhythm from different cultures and historical periods.

### Skills (Students will be able to...)

# When Creating...

- The elements of music are foundational to basic music literacy. Students will use appropriate terminology when creating/improvising rhythms.
- Improvise a vocal melody on a diatonic scale over a given harmonic progression using I-V7, and ending on the home tone using either solfege or a neutral syllable ("loo").
- Create short rhythms using a steady pulse and at various tempi.

### When Performing...

- Students will demonstrate the ability to perform rhythmic concepts with a higher degree of accuracy.
- Students will be able to follow musical directions pertaining to dynamic changes and articulation requirements of the music.
- Read and perform combinations of syncopated rhythms, whole notes, dotted half notes, half notes, dotted quarter notes, quarter notes, single and paired eighth notes, sixteenth note, whole, half, dotted quarter, quarter, eighth, and sixteenth rest by clapping and counting using Kodály Rhythm Syllables and using standard notation.
- Use appropriate terminology when describing rhythm.
- Identify and perform steady beat and off-beat in duple  $(2/4, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{4}{4})$  and compound  $(5/4, \frac{6}{8})$  meter.
- Conducting patterns and gestures provide cues about how and when to execute changes in dynamics, timbre, and timing.
- Identify and perform sudden changes (subito); allegro, moderato, adagio, accelerando, ritardando, presto, andante, allegretto, lento, fermata.

### When Responding...

- Self and group-critique of acquired rhythmic skills.
- Students will recognize notes and rests in the notation by definition, performing rhythmic patterns and identifying patterns upon listening.

### When Connecting...

- Respond to rhythms from various listening examples in different styles, cultures and genres.
- Students will demonstrate the ability to recognize and perform rhythmic concepts in notation of music, while listening to and/or accompanying music on rhythmic and/or melodic instruments.

# Social Emotional Learning Competencies (https://selarts.org/)

### **SELF**

### • SELF-AWARENESS

- o 01.LE.Idenitfy situations that produce positive and negative emotions
- o 03.LE.Identify one's skills and interests.
- o 03.LE.Distinguish areas where one needs support

### • SELF-MANAGEMENT

- 06.LE.Describe the steps in setting and working to achieve a goal.
- 07.LE.With increasing independence begin to recognize that everyone has personal strengths and those resources could be used to achieve goals..

### **OTHERS**

### SOCIAL-AWARENESS

- o 08.LE.Describe potential causes for emotions.
- o 09.LE.Recognize similarities and differences between cultures.
- 10.LE.Develop skills to participate in conversations where individuals have different points of view.

# • RELATIONSHIP SKILLS

• 13.LE.Constantly utilize "active listening" skills.

### **DECISION-MAKING**

### • RESPONSIBLE DECISION-MAKING

- 17.LE. With adult support, understand that there are steps to positive decision making (e.g. stop, calm down, identify the problem, consider alternatives, make a choice, try it out, reflect and evaluate).
- 18.LE.Identify goals, generate alternative responses and evaluate consequences for a range of academic and social situations.
- o 19.LE.Identify social norms (e.g., waiting patiently in line, speaking respectfully when asking for help) and safety considerations (e.g., walk rather than run in the hall, stay away from the edge of a cliff) that guide behavior.

#### Evidence of Learning (Assessments) Accommodations and Modifications Formative Assessments: Special Education Music Class Participation Rubrics (See Rubrics Section of Document) Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, Daily Music Challenge & Mainstream Learners) Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications Oral/Verbal Responses to Teacher Questions/Instruction Informal Observations of Student Musical Response Curricular Modifications and Guidance for Students Educated in Self-Assessment/Student Reflection Special Class Settings Differentiation: Preview content and concepts Behavior management plan Summative Assessments: Highlight text Small group setting Written Tests/Ouizzes High-Prep Differentiation: Performance Tests/Quizzes • Alternative formative and summative assessments Guided Reading Personal agendas Project-based learning Benchmark Assessments: Problem-based learning Stations/centers rough drafts for each project Tiered activities/assignments Rubric based final project for each unit Varying organizers for instructions Student self-assessment Low-Prep Differentiation: Clubbing activities Exploration by interest Alternative Assessments: Flexible groupings Homework - extended drawing at home **English Language Learners** Presentations Verbal Critiques Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, & Mainstream Learners) Unit 1: Curriculum for ELL Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications Multi-language glossary Pupil edition in Spanish Vocabulary flash cards Students at Risk for Failure Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, & Mainstream Learners) Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications

### Gifted and Talented

- Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, & Mainstream Learners)
- Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications

### Students with 504 Plans

- <u>Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners,</u> & Mainstream Learners)
- Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications

# Core Instructional and Supplemental Materials Professional Resources:

# Core Instructional, Supplemental, Instructional, and Intervention Resources

#### **Core Professional Resources:**

- GAMEPLAN: An Active Music Curriculum" Grade K ISBN: 0-9767650-5-5
- Florham Park Curriculum
- National Association for Music Education (NAfME)
- Northern New Jersey Orff Schulwerk Association (NNJOSA)
- Dalcroze (dalcrozeusa.org)
- Gordon (giml.org)
- Kodaly (oake.org)
- Little Kids Rock (littlekidsrock.org)
- Orff (aosa.org)
- SongWorks (songworkseducators.org)
- Suzuki (suzukiassociation.org)
- Teachers may wish to stick with "what they know," or use some combination of the above. Either way, they are encouraged to become familiar with diverse approaches to music education.

# Supplemental Professional Resources:

- All Books by Jeff Kriskie and Randy DeLelles
- "Making the Most of the Holidays"
- "Highlighting the Holidays"
- "Time for a Rhyme"
- "2nd Rhyme Around"
- "3rd Rhymes a Charm"
- "Strike it Rich"
- "As American as Apple Pie"

#### Core Instructional Resources:

- Guitar
- Piano
- CD Player/Speaker System
- Soprano/Alto/Bass Xylophones
- Soprano/Alto Glockenspiels
- Soprano/Alto Metallophone
- Various unpitched percussion instruments
- Singing
- Audio Recordings
- Playing on Instruments
- Video Recording
- A Song Game
- Movement/Dance
- A Story
- Questions/Puzzles
- Secret Song Clues
- Ranges of Notation

# Supplemental Resources:

- Tonic Solfa/Solfege Syllables for tone and melody
- Rhythm Syllables (Gordon, Kodaly, Takadimi, etc.)
- Echo Singing and Antiphonning
- Sibelius Software
  - Used to modify scores and notation (larger, with note names in note head, etc)
- Visual Aids
  - Colored key dots for xylophone
  - o Xylophone Diagram
  - Solfege hand signals chart
- Flocabulary

### **Intervention Resources:**

	Grade 5 Scope and Sequence for Vocal Music
	<ul> <li>Tiered Interventions following RtI framework</li> <li>RtI Intervention Bank</li> <li>Fundations Double-Dose (Tier II)</li> <li>LLI (Tier III)</li> <li>FFI Skill Report: DRA On-Line</li> <li>enVisioninterventionsupports</li> <li>NJDOE resources</li> </ul>
Interdisciplinary Connections	Integration of Technology through NJSLS
This is where you make any connections that lend itself to the curriculum.  See example.  Correlates to routines unit in math, rules and community units in social studies Identify classroom routines in other subject areas: math, science, and social studies.  In Social Studies discuss routines in the community  Companion standards:  CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.5.4  CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.5.OA.B.3  CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.5.MD.B.2  6.1.4.A.10  8.1.5.A.1, 8.1.5.A.3	<ul> <li>Create a word study word sort in Inspiration.</li> <li>Listen to books on CDs, tapes, videos or podcasts if available.</li> <li>Listen to books on websites (pbskids.org/lions/index.html, storylineonline.net, storyit.com, Elementary Connections Page)</li> <li>Use a document camera or overhead projector for shared reading of texts.</li> </ul>
Programming	
Integration of 21st Century Themes	Media Literacy Integration
	Media Literacy Integration  Ask students to look for specific things when they view videos or read print material, and then ask questions about those items Build on the intuitive knowledge students have gained from media about the story and character Clarify the distinction between fiction and nonfiction in different types of media reporting on the same topic Use print materials to practice reading and comprehension skills
Integration of 21st Century Themes  See example.  Creativity and Innovation Critical Thinking and Problem Solving Communication and Collaboration Information Literacy Media Literacy Life and Career Skills Global and Environmental Awareness Problem Solving Skills Personal Literacy Business Initiative and Self Direction Manage Goals and Time Work Independently	<ul> <li>Ask students to look for specific things when they view videos or read print material, and then ask questions about those items</li> <li>Build on the intuitive knowledge students have gained from media about the story and character</li> <li>Clarify the distinction between fiction and nonfiction in different types of media reporting on the same topic</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>Red Ribbon Week</li> <li>International Dot Day (September 16)</li> </ul>
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Vocal Music Grade: 5

# Unit 2: Melody and Vocal Production

#### **Unit Overview:**

In the Fifth Grade melody and vocal production unit, the students will learn that proper vocal production requires an understanding of basic anatomy, the physical properties of sound, developmentally appropriate vocal production/vocal placement, and breathing techniques. The voice is the primary instrument in this unit and students will perform, as individuals and in groups, using proper head voice, posture, breathing techniques, and vocal techniques to vary dynamic levels. The repertoire of songs has students performing and echoing on pitch to gain a better understanding of melodic contour and the expressive qualities found in music.

# New Jersey Student Learning Standards

### 1.3.A.5.Cr - Creating

- **1.3A.5.Cr1a:** Generate and improvise rhythmic, melodic and harmonic ideas, and simple accompaniment patterns and chord changes. Explain connection to specific purpose and context (e.g., social, cultural, historical).
- **1.3A.5.Cr2a:** Demonstrate developed musical ideas for improvisations, arrangements or compositions to express intent. Explain connection to purpose and context.
- **1.3A.5.Cr2b:** Use standard and/or iconic notation and/or recording to document personal rhythmic, melodic and two chord harmonic musical ideas.
- **1.3A.5.Cra:** Evaluate, refine and document revisions to personal music, applying collaboratively developed criteria, showing improvement over time and explaining rationale for changes.
- **1.3A.5.Cr3b:** Present to others final versions of personally and collaboratively created music that demonstrate craftsmanship. Explain connection to expressive intent.

### 1.3.A.5.Pr - Performing

- **1.3A.5.Pr4a:** Demonstrate and explain how the selection of music to perform is influenced by personal interest, knowledge and context as well as the students' technical skill.
- **1.3A.5.Pr4b:** Demonstrate an understanding of the structure and expanded music concepts (e.g., rhythm, pitch, form, harmony) in music selected for performance.
- **1.3A.5.Pr4c:** Analyze selected music by reading and performing using standard notation.
- **1.3A.5.Pr4d:** Explain how context (e.g., personal, social, cultural, historical) informs performances.
- **1.3A.5.Pr4e:** Convey creator's intents through the performers' interpretive decisions of expanded expressive qualities (e.g., dynamics, tempo, timbre, articulation/style)
- **1.3A.5.Pr5a:** Apply teacher-provided and established criteria and feedback to evaluate the accuracy and expressiveness of ensemble and personal performance.
- **1.3A.5.Pr5b:** Rehearse to refine technical accuracy and expressive qualities to address challenges and show improvement over time.
- **1.3A.5.Pr6a:** Perform music, alone or with others, with expression, technical accuracy and appropriate interpretation.
- **1.3A.5.Pr6b:** Demonstrate performance decorum and audience etiquette appropriate for the context, venue, genre, and style.

### 1.3.A.5.Re - Responding

- **1.3A.5.Re7a:** Demonstrate and explain, citing evidence, how selected music connects to and is influenced by specific interests, experiences, purposes, or contexts.
- **1.3A.5.Re7b:** Demonstrate and explain, citing evidence, how responses to music are informed by the structure, the use of the elements of music, and context (i.e., social, cultural, historical).

- **1.3A.5.Re8a:** Evaluate musical works and performances, applying established criteria, and explain appropriateness to the context citing evidence from the elements of music.
- **1.3A.5.Re9a:** Demonstrate and explain how the expressive qualities (e.g., dynamics, tempo, timbre, articulation) are used in performers' and personal interpretations to reflect expressive intent.

### 1.3.A.5.Cn - Connecting

- **1.3A.5.Cn10a:** Demonstrate how interests, knowledge, and skills related to personal choices and intent when creating, performing, and responding to music. (This Performance Expectation is embedded in the following Artistic Processes: 1.3A.5.Cr2a, 1.3A.5.Cr3b, 1.3A.5.Pr4e, 1.3A.5.Re7a)
- **1.3A.5Cn11a:** Demonstrate understanding of relationships between music and the other arts, other disciplines, varied contexts, and daily life. (This Performance Expectation is embedded in the following Artistic Processes: 1.3A.5.Cr2a,

1.3A.5.Cr3b, 1.3A.5.Pr4e, 1.3A.5.Re7a)		
Enduring Understandings	Essential Questions	
Anchor Standard 1: Generating and conceptualizing ideas.  1. The creative ideas, concepts and feelings that influence musicians' work emerge from a variety of sources.	1.How do musicians generate creative ideas?	
Anchor Standard 2: Organizing and developing ideas.  2. Musicians' creative choices are influenced by their expertise, context and expressive intent.	2. How do musicians make creative decisions?	
Anchor Standard 3: Refining and completing products. 3. Musicians evaluate and refine their work through openness to new ideas, persistence and the application of appropriate criteria.	3. How do musicians improve the quality of their creative work?	
Anchor Standard 4: Selecting, analyzing, and interpreting work.  4. Performers' interest in and knowledge of musical works, understanding of their own technical skill, and the context for a performance influence the selection of repertoire.  Anchor Standard 5: Developing and refining techniques and models or steps needed to create products.	4. How do performers select repertoire?	
5. To express their musical ideas, musicians analyze, evaluate and refine their performance over time through openness to new ideas, persistence and the application of appropriate criteria.	5. How do musicians improve the quality of their performance?	
Anchor Standard 6: Conveying meaning through art. 6. Musicians judge performance based on criteria that vary across time, place and cultures. The context and how a work is presented influence audience response.  Anchor Standard 7: Perceiving and analyzing products.	6. When is a performance judged ready to present? How do context and the manner in which musical work is presented influence audience response?	

7. Individuals' selection of musical works is influenced by their interests, experiences, understandings, and purposes. Response to music is informed by analyzing context (e.g., social, cultural, historical) and how creator(s) or performer(s) manipulate the elements of music.

# Anchor Standard 8: Interpreting intent and meaning.

8. Through their use of elements and structures of music, creators and performers provide clues to their expressive intent.

# Anchor Standard 9: Applying criteria to evaluate products.

9. The personal evaluation of musical work(s) and performance(s) is informed by analysis, interpretation, and established criteria.

# Anchor Standard 10: Synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal experiences to create products.

10. Musicians connect their personal interests, experiences, ideas, and knowledge to creating, performing, and responding.

# Anchor Standard 11: Relating artistic ideas and works within societal, cultural, and historical contexts to deepen understanding..

11. Musicians connect their personal interests, experiences, ideas, and knowledge to creating, performing, and responding.

7. How do individuals choose music to experience? How does understanding the structure and context of music inform a response?

8. How do we discern the musical creators' and performers' expressive intent?

9. How do we judge the quality of musical work(s) and performance(s)?

10. How do musicians make meaningful connections to creating, performing, and responding?

11. How do the other arts, other disciplines, contexts, and daily life inform creating, performing, and responding to music?

Unit Goals	Teaching Points
Melody and Vocal Production	<ul> <li>With teacher guidance, create/improvise in response to a teacher prompt.</li> <li>Perform on pitch, and echo songs with the teacher as the leader and the class/soloist as the echo.</li> <li>Perform in proper head voice within the range of A4 – D5.</li> <li>Perform and identify the major scale - do, re, mi, fa, sol, la ti, high do in proper head voice.</li> <li>Perform in unison and in harmony vocal parts.</li> <li>Perform songs using proper posture in sitting and standing positions.</li> <li>Perform songs using proper breathing techniques for phrasing and tone production.</li> <li>Perform songs using proper vocal techniques to vary dynamic levels.</li> <li>Reflect/self critique acquired melodic skills and vocal production.</li> <li>Listen to and perform various examples of songs from different cultures, holidays, and historical periods.</li> </ul>

### Skills (Students will be able to...)

### When Creating...

- Create musical phrases in response to a teacher prompt (i.e. call and response and improvisation)
- Improvise a vocal melody in call-and-response form to a given instrumental prompt, compose, notate, and perform an 8-bar melody for a barred instrument, using a variety of note values and pentatonic pitches, over an ostinato.
- Use appropriate terminology when creating melody and vocal production

### When Performing...

- Students will sing/play music written in two parts and be able to follow a choral musical score.
- Perform unison songs, rounds, partner songs, and descants, alone and with others, using proper vocal placement and breathing techniques in the range of A4-D5 (making allowances for emerging cambiata voices). Demonstrate proper posture and breathing techniques to produce a uniform vocal tone quality and respond to expressive cues from a conductor using upward/downward melodic intervals by skip, step, and leap.
- Students will perform expressively using appropriate dynamic, phrasing, and interpretation.
- Identify vocal ranges: Soprano, Alto, Tenor, Bass in the grand staff.
- Understand that individual voice ranges change with time.
- Identify/read the home tone as Do and as La; tonic note of sale; monophonic, homophonic, and polyphonic textures, and identify the I, IV, and V7 chords.
- Continue to develop the ability to recognize melody patterns, identify phrases, evaluate the tones of a melody, recognize the direction of a melodic line and detect sequences in melody.
- Sing in treble clef and continue to develop vocal technique including development of the head voice, proper breathing technique, and correct posture improve the voice and protect the voice when singing.
- Read and perform dynamics (mezzo piano, piano, mezzo forte, forte) while singing using appropriate dynamics to the style of the music.
- Demonstrate the ability to sing/play with a higher degree of confidence and understanding of tone accuracy.
- Sing/play rounds/canons, partner songs, and two-part songs, using correct posture, vocal placement, and breathing technique.
- Understand that harmonizing requires singing ability and active listening skills.
- Develop a repertoire of songs.

### When Responding...

- Self and group-critique of acquired vocal and melodic skills.
- Compare and contrast unison with choral harmony.
- Listen for all areas of performance (e.g., pitch, diction, breath support, proper vocal placement, vowel formation, posture, following the director, interpretation) and identify which areas were successful, which were in need of improvement.

### When Connecting...

• Sing songs from a variety of cultures, historical periods, and genres.

# Social Emotional Learning Competencies (https://selarts.org/)

### **SELF**

### • SELF-AWARENESS

- o 01.LE.Idenitfy situations that produce positive and negative emotions
- o 03.LE.Identify one's skills and interests.
- o 03.LE.Distinguish areas where one needs support

### • SELF-MANAGEMENT

- o 06.LE.Describe the steps in setting and working to achieve a goal.
- o 07.LE.With increasing independence begin to recognize that everyone has personal strengths and those resources could be used to achieve goals..

### **OTHERS**

### SOCIAL-AWARENESS

- 08.LE.Describe potential causes for emotions.
- o 09.LE.Recognize similarities and differences between cultures.
- 0 10.LE.Develop skills to participate in conversations where individuals have different points of view.

### RELATIONSHIP SKILLS

o 13.LE.Constantly utilize "active listening" skills.

### **DECISION-MAKING**

### • RESPONSIBLE DECISION-MAKING

- o 17.LE. With adult support, understand that there are steps to positive decision making (e.g. stop, calm down, identify the problem, consider alternatives, make a choice, try it out, reflect and evaluate).
- 18.LE.Identify goals, generate alternative responses and evaluate consequences for a range of academic and social situations.
- 19.LE.Identify social norms (e.g., waiting patiently in line, speaking respectfully when asking for help) and safety considerations (e.g., walk rather than run in the hall, stay away from the edge of a cliff) that guide behavior.

#### Evidence of Learning (Assessments) Accommodations and Modifications Formative Assessments: Special Education Music Class Participation Rubrics (See Rubrics Section of Document) Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, Daily Music Challenge & Mainstream Learners) Oral/Verbal Responses to Teacher Questions/Instruction Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications Informal Observations of Student Musical Response Curricular Modifications and Guidance for Students Educated in Self-Assessment/Student Reflection Special Class Settings Differentiation: Preview content and concepts Behavior management plan Summative Assessments: Highlight text Small group setting Written Tests/Quizzes High-Prep Differentiation: Performance Tests/Quizzes Alternative formative and summative assessments Guided Reading Personal agendas Project-based learning Benchmark Assessments: Problem-based learning Stations/centers rough drafts for each project Tiered activities/assignments Rubric based final project for each unit Varying organizers for instructions Student self-assessment Low-Prep Differentiation: Clubbing activities Exploration by interest Alternative Assessments: Flexible groupings Homework - extended drawing at home **English Language Learners** Presentations Verbal Critiques Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, & Mainstream Learners) Unit 1: Curriculum for ELL Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications Multi-language glossary Pupil edition in Spanish Vocabulary flash cards Students at Risk for Failure Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, & Mainstream Learners) Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications

### Gifted and Talented

- Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, & Mainstream Learners)
- Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications

### Students with 504 Plans

- <u>Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners,</u> & Mainstream Learners)
- Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications

# Core Instructional and Supplemental Materials Professional Resources:

# Core Instructional, Supplemental, Instructional, and Intervention Resources

#### **Core Professional Resources:**

- GAMEPLAN: An Active Music Curriculum" Grade K ISBN: 0-9767650-5-5
- Florham Park Curriculum
- National Association for Music Education (NAfME)
- Northern New Jersey Orff Schulwerk Association (NNJOSA)
- Dalcroze (dalcrozeusa.org)
- Gordon (giml.org)
- Kodaly (oake.org)
- Little Kids Rock (littlekidsrock.org)
- Orff (aosa.org)
- SongWorks (songworkseducators.org)
- Suzuki (suzukiassociation.org)
- Teachers may wish to stick with "what they know," or use some combination of the above. Either way, they are encouraged to become familiar with diverse approaches to music education.

# Supplemental Professional Resources:

- All Books by Jeff Kriskie and Randy DeLelles
- "Making the Most of the Holidays"
- "Highlighting the Holidays"
- "Time for a Rhyme"
- "2nd Rhyme Around"
- "3rd Rhymes a Charm"
- "Strike it Rich"
- "As American as Apple Pie"

#### Core Instructional Resources:

- Guitar
- Piano
- CD Player/Speaker System
- Soprano/Alto/Bass Xylophones
- Soprano/Alto Glockenspiels
- Soprano/Alto Metallophone
- Various unpitched percussion instruments
- Singing
- Audio Recordings
- Playing on Instruments
- Video Recording
- A Song Game
- Movement/Dance
- A Story
- Questions/Puzzles
- Secret Song Clues
- Ranges of Notation

# Supplemental Resources:

- Tonic Solfa/Solfege Syllables for tone and melody
- Rhythm Syllables (Gordon, Kodaly, Takadimi, etc.)
- Echo Singing and Antiphonning
- Sibelius Software
  - Used to modify scores and notation (larger, with note names in note head, etc)
- Visual Aids
  - Colored key dots for xylophone
  - o Xylophone Diagram
  - Solfege hand signals chart
- Flocabulary

### **Intervention Resources:**

	Grade 5 Scope and Sequence for Vocal Music
	<ul> <li>Tiered Interventions following RtI framework</li> <li>RtI Intervention Bank</li> <li>Fundations Double-Dose (Tier II)</li> <li>LLI (Tier III)</li> <li>FFI Skill Report: DRA On-Line</li> <li>enVisioninterventionsupports</li> <li>NJDOE resources</li> </ul>
Interdisciplinary Connections	Integration of Technology through NJSLS
This is where you make any connections that lend itself to the curriculum.  See example.  Correlates to routines unit in math, rules and community units in social studies Identify classroom routines in other subject areas: math, science, and social studies.  In Social Studies discuss routines in the community  Companion standards:  CCSS.ELA-LITER ACY.RF.5.4  CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.5.OA.B.3  CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.5.MD.B.2  6.1.4.A.10  8.1.5.A.1, 8.1.5.A.3	<ul> <li>Create a word study word sort in Inspiration.</li> <li>Listen to books on CDs, tapes, videos or podcasts if available.</li> <li>Listen to books on websites (pbskids.org/lions/index.html, storylineonline.net, storyit.com, Elementary Connections Page)</li> <li>Use a document camera or overhead projector for shared reading of texts.</li> </ul>
Programming	
Integration of 21st Century Themes	Media Literacy Integration
	Media Literacy Integration      Ask students to look for specific things when they view videos or read print material, and then ask questions about those items     Build on the intuitive knowledge students have gained from media about the story and character     Clarify the distinction between fiction and nonfiction in different types of media reporting on the same topic     Use print materials to practice reading and comprehension skills
Integration of 21st Century Themes  See example.  Creativity and Innovation Critical Thinking and Problem Solving Communication and Collaboration Information Literacy Media Literacy Life and Career Skills Global and Environmental Awareness Problem Solving Skills Personal Literacy Business Initiative and Self Direction Manage Goals and Time Work Independently	<ul> <li>Ask students to look for specific things when they view videos or read print material, and then ask questions about those items</li> <li>Build on the intuitive knowledge students have gained from media about the story and character</li> <li>Clarify the distinction between fiction and nonfiction in different types of media reporting on the same topic</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>Red Ribbon Week</li> <li>International Dot Day (September 16)</li> </ul>
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Vocal Music Grade: 5

### Unit 3: Form

### **Unit Overview:**

In the Fifth Grade Form unit, students will come to understand that music has structure. Students will discover that music is composed of smaller and larger components that can be arranged to create patterns. Students will develop an understanding of how to manipulate patterns to represent musical form.

### New Jersey Student Learning Standards

### 1.3.A.5.Cr - Creating

- **1.3A.5.Cr1a:** Generate and improvise rhythmic, melodic and harmonic ideas, and simple accompaniment patterns and chord changes. Explain connection to specific purpose and context (e.g., social, cultural, historical).
- **1.3A.5.Cr2a:** Demonstrate developed musical ideas for improvisations, arrangements or compositions to express intent. Explain connection to purpose and context.
- **1.3A.5.Cr2b:** Use standard and/or iconic notation and/or recording to document personal rhythmic, melodic and two chord harmonic musical ideas.
- **1.3A.5.Cra:** Evaluate, refine and document revisions to personal music, applying collaboratively developed criteria, showing improvement over time and explaining rationale for changes.
- **1.3A.5.Cr3b:** Present to others final versions of personally and collaboratively created music that demonstrate craftsmanship. Explain connection to expressive intent.

### 1.3.A.5.Pr - Performing

- **1.3A.5.Pr4a:** Demonstrate and explain how the selection of music to perform is influenced by personal interest, knowledge and context as well as the students' technical skill.
- **1.3A.5.Pr4b:** Demonstrate an understanding of the structure and expanded music concepts (e.g., rhythm, pitch, form, harmony) in music selected for performance.
- **1.3A.5.Pr4c:** Analyze selected music by reading and performing using standard notation.
- **1.3A.5.Pr4d:** Explain how context (e.g., personal, social, cultural, historical) informs performances.
- **1.3A.5.Pr4e:** Convey creator's intents through the performers' interpretive decisions of expanded expressive qualities (e.g., dynamics, tempo, timbre, articulation/style)
- **1.3A.5.Pr5a:** Apply teacher-provided and established criteria and feedback to evaluate the accuracy and expressiveness of ensemble and personal performance.
- **1.3A.5.Pr5b:** Rehearse to refine technical accuracy and expressive qualities to address challenges and show improvement over time.
- **1.3A.5.Pr6a:** Perform music, alone or with others, with expression, technical accuracy and appropriate interpretation.
- 1.3A.5.Pr6b: Demonstrate performance decorum and audience etiquette appropriate for the context, venue, genre, and style.

### 1.3.A.5.Re - Responding

- **1.3A.5.Re7a:** Demonstrate and explain, citing evidence, how selected music connects to and is influenced by specific interests, experiences, purposes, or contexts.
- **1.3A.5.Re7b:** Demonstrate and explain, citing evidence, how responses to music are informed by the structure, the use of the elements of music, and context (i.e., social, cultural, historical).
- **1.3A.5.Re8a:** Evaluate musical works and performances, applying established criteria, and explain appropriateness to the context citing evidence from the elements of music.
- 1.3A.5.Re9a: Demonstrate and explain how the expressive qualities (e.g., dynamics, tempo, timbre,

articulation) are used in performers' and personal interpretations to reflect expressive intent.

## 1.3.A.5.Cn - Connecting

- **1.3A.5.Cn10a:** Demonstrate how interests, knowledge, and skills related to personal choices and intent when creating, performing, and responding to music. (This Performance Expectation is embedded in the following Artistic Processes: 1.3A.5.Cr2a, 1.3A.5.Cr3b, 1.3A.5.Pr4e, 1.3A.5.Re7a)
- **1.3A.5Cn11a:** Demonstrate understanding of relationships between music and the other arts, other disciplines, varied contexts, and daily life. (This Performance Expectation is embedded in the following Artistic Processes: 1.3A.5.Cr2a, 1.3A.5.Cr3b, 1.3A.5.Pr4e, 1.3A.5.Re7a)

Enduring Understandings	Essential Questions
Anchor Standard 1: Generating and conceptualizing	1. How do musicians generate creative ideas?
ideas.	And the desire of the state of
1. The creative ideas, concepts and feelings that influence	
musicians' work emerge from a variety of sources.	
Anchor Standard 2: Organizing and developing ideas.	2. How do musicians make creative decisions?
2. Musicians' creative choices are influenced by their expertise,	
context and expressive intent.	
Anchor Standard 3: Refining and completing products.	3. How do musicians improve the quality of their creative
3. Musicians evaluate and refine their work through openness	work?
to new ideas, persistence and the application of appropriate	
criteria.	
Andre Steel and A. Schreiter and Loring and	
Anchor Standard 4: Selecting, analyzing, and interpreting work.	
4. Performers' interest in and knowledge of musical works,	4. How do performers select repertoire?
understanding of their own technical skill, and the context for	
a performance influence the selection of repertoire.	
Anchor Standard 5: Developing and refining techniques	
and models or steps needed to create products.	
5. To express their musical ideas, musicians analyze, evaluate	5. How do musicians improve the quality of their
and refine their performance over time through openness to	performance?
new ideas, persistence and the application of appropriate	
criteria.	
Anchor Standard 6: Conveying meaning through art.	
6. Musicians judge performance based on criteria that vary	
across time, place and cultures. The context and how a work is	6. When is a performance judged ready to present? How
presented influence audience response.	do context and the manner in which musical work is
	presented influence audience response?
Anchor Standard 7: Perceiving and analyzing products.	<u> </u>
7. Individuals' selection of musical works is influenced by their	
interests, experiences, understandings, and purposes. Response	
to music is informed by analyzing context (e.g., social, cultural,	

historical) and how creator(s) or performer(s) manipulate the elements of music.

# Anchor Standard 8: Interpreting intent and meaning.

8. Through their use of elements and structures of music, creators and performers provide clues to their expressive intent.

# Anchor Standard 9: Applying criteria to evaluate products.

9. The personal evaluation of musical work(s) and performance(s) is informed by analysis, interpretation, and established criteria.

# Anchor Standard 10: Synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal experiences to create products.

10. Musicians connect their personal interests, experiences, ideas, and knowledge to creating, performing, and responding.

# Anchor Standard 11: Relating artistic ideas and works within societal, cultural, and historical contexts to deepen understanding..

11. Musicians connect their personal interests, experiences, ideas, and knowledge to creating, performing, and responding.

7. How do individuals choose music to experience? How does understanding the structure and context of music inform a response?

- 8. How do we discern the musical creators' and performers' expressive intent?
- 9. How do we judge the quality of musical work(s) and performance(s)?
- 10. How do musicians make meaningful connections to creating, performing, and responding?
- 11. How do the other arts, other disciplines, contexts, and daily life inform creating, performing, and responding to music?

Unit Goals	Teaching Points
Form	<ul> <li>Perform songs using vocal melodies, pitched, and unpitched percussion in rondo, solo/chorus, call and response, AB, and ABA form.</li> </ul>
	Perform and identify musical forms including echo, call and response, and same/different.
	<ul> <li>Identify and perform introduction, interlude, and coda.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Identify and perform music through movements (i.e., extended form "Sleigh Ride")</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Perform and Identify 1st and 2nd endings (i.e., "Jolly Old St. Nicholas")</li> </ul>

### Skills (Students will be able to...)

### When Creating...

• Create musical forms using patterns including Rondo, ABA, AABB, solo/chorus, call/response, theme and variations.

### When Performing...

- Identify traditional musical forms: Rondo, ABA, AABB, solo/chorus, call/response, theme and variations.
- Perform a different movement, use different percussion instruments or dynamics for each different section in AB, ABA, verse and refrain or rondo.
- Identify introduction, interlude, coda, D.C., al fine (ABA); first and second endings.

### When Responding...

• Describe three ways that individuals can agree or disagree about the merits of a musical performance based on technical and interpretive perspectives, the composer and his/her intent, and if the intent was realized.

• Describe how and demonstrate how the use of an antecedent/consequent phrase relationship and dynamic markings are used to achieve unity and variety, tension and release, and balance in musical composition. Listen and respond to various forms through movement.

### When Connecting...

- Age appropriate discussion how personal experiences influence composition of musical patterns.
- Age appropriate discussion of characteristics of different rhythms in various musical selections.
- Age appropriate identification/discussion of rhythms in different historical selections. Sing and play a variety of forms and textures, including: unison, ostinato, bordun, and ABA.
- List the musical elements (e.g., dynamics, meter, melody, etc.) found in performances of seasonal songs (e.g., Halloween, winter, patriotic) and use them to make objective assessments of the appropriateness/effectiveness of the elements in conveying the intent of the song. Discuss the application and appropriateness of the musical elements employed in the song.
- Recognize that music composition is governed by prescribed rules and forms that apply to both improvised and scored music.

# Social Emotional Learning Competencies (https://selarts.org/)

### **SELF**

### • SELF-AWARENESS

- o 01.LE.Idenitfy situations that produce positive and negative emotions
- o 03.LE.Identify one's skills and interests.
- o 03.LE.Distinguish areas where one needs support

### • SELF-MANAGEMENT

- o 06.LE.Describe the steps in setting and working to achieve a goal.
- 07.LE.With increasing independence begin to recognize that everyone has personal strengths and those resources could be used to achieve goals..

### **OTHERS**

### • SOCIAL-AWARENESS

- 08.LE.Describe potential causes for emotions.
- o 09.LE.Recognize similarities and differences between cultures.
- 10.LE.Develop skills to participate in conversations where individuals have different points of view.

### RELATIONSHIP SKILLS

• 13.LE.Constantly utilize "active listening" skills.

### **DECISION-MAKING**

### • RESPONSIBLE DECISION-MAKING

- 17.LE. With adult support, understand that there are steps to positive decision making (e.g. stop, calm down, identify the problem, consider alternatives, make a choice, try it out, reflect and evaluate).
- 18.LE.Identify goals, generate alternative responses and evaluate consequences for a range of academic and social situations.
- 19.LE.Identify social norms (e.g., waiting patiently in line, speaking respectfully when asking for help) and safety considerations (e.g., walk rather than run in the hall, stay away from the edge of a cliff) that guide behavior.

Evidence of Learning (Assessments)	Accommodations and Modifications

### Formative Assessments:

- Music Class Participation Rubrics (See Rubrics Section of Document)
- Daily Music Challenge
- Oral/Verbal Responses to Teacher Questions/Instruction
- Informal Observations of Student Musical Response
- Self-Assessment/Student Reflection

#### **Summative Assessments:**

- Written Tests/Quizzes
- Performance Tests/Quizzes

#### Benchmark Assessments:

- rough drafts for each project
- Rubric based final project for each unit
- Student self-assessment

#### Alternative Assessments:

- Homework extended drawing at home
- Presentations
- Verbal Critiques

# Special Education

- Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, & Mainstream Learners)
- Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications
- Curricular Modifications and Guidance for Students Educated in Special Class Settings

#### Differentiation:

- Preview content and concepts
- Behavior management plan
- Highlight text
- Small group setting

# High-Prep Differentiation:

- Alternative formative and summative assessments
- Guided Reading
- Personal agendas
- Project-based learning
- Problem-based learning
- Stations/centers
- Tiered activities/assignments
- Varying organizers for instructions

### Low-Prep Differentiation:

- Clubbing activities
- Exploration by interest
- Flexible groupings

# **English Language Learners**

- Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, & Mainstream Learners)
- Unit 1: Curriculum for ELL
- Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications
- Multi-language glossary
- Pupil edition in Spanish
- Vocabulary flash cards

### Students at Risk for Failure

- Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, & Mainstream Learners)
- Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications

### Gifted and Talented

- Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, & Mainstream Learners)
- Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications

### Students with 504 Plans

- <u>Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners,</u> & Mainstream Learners)
- Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications

# Core Instructional and Supplemental Materials Professional Resources:

# Core Instructional, Supplemental, Instructional, and Intervention Resources

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- Dalcroze (dalcrozeusa.org)
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- Suzuki (suzukiassociation.org)
- Teachers may wish to stick with "what they know," or use some combination of the above. Either way, they are encouraged to become familiar with diverse approaches to music education.

### Supplemental Professional Resources:

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- "Making the Most of the Holidays"
- "Highlighting the Holidays"
- "Time for a Rhyme"
- "2nd Rhyme Around"
- "3rd Rhymes a Charm"
- "Strike it Rich"
- "As American as Apple Pie"

### **Core Instructional Resources:**

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- Piano
- CD Player/Speaker System
- Soprano/Alto/Bass Xylophones
- Soprano/Alto Glockenspiels
- Soprano/Alto Metallophone
- Various unpitched percussion instruments
- Singing
- Audio Recordings
- Playing on Instruments
- Video Recording
- A Song Game
- Movement/Dance
- A Story
- Questions/Puzzles
- Secret Song Clues
- Ranges of Notation

### Supplemental Resources:

- Tonic Solfa/Solfege Syllables for tone and melody
- Rhythm Syllables (Gordon, Kodaly, Takadimi, etc.)
- Echo Singing and Antiphonning
- Sibelius Software
  - Used to modify scores and notation (larger, with note names in note head, etc)
- Visual Aids
  - Colored key dots for xylophone
  - o Xylophone Diagram
  - Solfege hand signals chart
- Flocabulary

### **Intervention Resources:**

- Tiered Interventions following RtI framework
- RtI Intervention Bank
- Fundations Double-Dose (Tier II)
- LLI (Tier III)
- FFI Skill Report: DRA On-Line
- enVisioninterventionsupports
   NJDOE resources

### **Interdisciplinary Connections**

- This is where you make any connections that lend itself to the curriculum.
- Correlates to routines unit in math, rules and community units in social studies Identify classroom routines in other subject areas: math, science, and social studies.
- In Social Studies discuss routines in the community
- Companion standards:
  - CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.5.4

### Integration of Technology through NJSLS

- Create a word study word sort in Inspiration.
- Listen to books on CDs, tapes, videos or podcasts if available.
   Listen to books on websites (pleskids or / lions/index html)
- Listen to books on websites (pbskids.org/lions/index.html, storylineonline.net, storyit.com, Elementary Connections Page)
- Use a document camera or overhead projector for shared reading of texts.

CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.5.OA.B.3     CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.5.MD.B.2     6.1.4.A.10     8.1.5.A.1, 8.1.5.A.3  8.2 Technology Education, Engineering, Design, and Computational Thinking - Programming	M. It. T. Santa Land
See example.  Creativity and Innovation Critical Thinking and Problem Solving Communication and Collaboration Information Literacy Media Literacy Life and Career Skills Global and Environmental Awareness Problem Solving Skills Personal Literacy Business Initiative and Self Direction Manage Goals and Time Work Independently Be Self-directed Learners	Ask students to look for specific things when they view videos or read print material, and then ask questions about those items     Build on the intuitive knowledge students have gained from media about the story and character     Clarify the distinction between fiction and nonfiction in different types of media reporting on the same topic     Use print materials to practice reading and comprehension skills
Career Education	Global Perspectives
(Integrated into the curriculum the opportunity to acquire information about career interests or advanced courses)  (Field trips, list free online courses, skype an author or scientist, specialized programs).  9.1 Personal Finance Literacy  9.2 Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation	<ul> <li>National Hispanic-Latino Heritage Month</li> <li>National Disability Employment Awareness Month</li> <li>National American Indian Heritage Month</li> <li>Black History Month</li> <li>National Women's History Month,</li> <li>National Irish-American Heritage Month</li> <li>National Italian American Heritage Month</li> <li>Asian Pacific American Heritage</li> <li>Older Americans' Month</li> <li>Jewish American Heritage Month</li> <li>Week of Respect</li> <li>Red Ribbon Week</li> <li>International Dot Day (September 16)</li> </ul>

Vocal Music Grade: 5

### **Unit 4: Instruments**

### **Unit Overview:**

In the Fifth Grade Instruments unit, students will explore classroom instruments with the intention to practice the musical skills gained in units 1-3. Students will experience a variety of activities designed to encourage proper playing technique, creativity, and musical expression. Students will explore various types of pitched (Orff) percussion instruments and unpitched percussion instruments to reinforce key concepts and create musical ideas.

# New Jersey Student Learning Standards

### 1.3.A.5.Cr - Creating

- **1.3A.5.Cr1a:** Generate and improvise rhythmic, melodic and harmonic ideas, and simple accompaniment patterns and chord changes. Explain connection to specific purpose and context (e.g., social, cultural, historical).
- **1.3A.5.Cr2a:** Demonstrate developed musical ideas for improvisations, arrangements or compositions to express intent. Explain connection to purpose and context.
- **1.3A.5.Cr2b:** Use standard and/or iconic notation and/or recording to document personal rhythmic, melodic and two chord harmonic musical ideas.
- **1.3A.5.Cra:** Evaluate, refine and document revisions to personal music, applying collaboratively developed criteria, showing improvement over time and explaining rationale for changes.
- **1.3A.5.Cr3b:** Present to others final versions of personally and collaboratively created music that demonstrate craftsmanship. Explain connection to expressive intent.

# 1.3.A.5.Pr - Performing

- **1.3A.5.Pr4a:** Demonstrate and explain how the selection of music to perform is influenced by personal interest, knowledge and context as well as the students' technical skill.
- **1.3A.5.Pr4b:** Demonstrate an understanding of the structure and expanded music concepts (e.g., rhythm, pitch, form, harmony) in music selected for performance.
- **1.3A.5.Pr4c:** Analyze selected music by reading and performing using standard notation.
- **1.3A.5.Pr4d:** Explain how context (e.g., personal, social, cultural, historical) informs performances.
- **1.3A.5.Pr4e:** Convey creator's intents through the performers' interpretive decisions of expanded expressive qualities (e.g., dynamics, tempo, timbre, articulation/style)
- **1.3A.5.Pr5a:** Apply teacher-provided and established criteria and feedback to evaluate the accuracy and expressiveness of ensemble and personal performance.
- **1.3A.5.Pr5b:** Rehearse to refine technical accuracy and expressive qualities to address challenges and show improvement over time.
- **1.3A.5.Pr6a:** Perform music, alone or with others, with expression, technical accuracy and appropriate interpretation.
- **1.3A.5.Pr6b:** Demonstrate performance decorum and audience etiquette appropriate for the context, venue, genre, and style.

### 1.3.A.5.Re - Responding

- **1.3A.5.Re7a:** Demonstrate and explain, citing evidence, how selected music connects to and is influenced by specific interests, experiences, purposes, or contexts.
- **1.3A.5.Re7b:** Demonstrate and explain, citing evidence, how responses to music are informed by the structure, the use of the elements of music, and context (i.e., social, cultural, historical).
- **1.3A.5.Re8a:** Evaluate musical works and performances, applying established criteria, and explain appropriateness to the context citing evidence from the elements of music.

- **1.3A.5.Re9a:** Demonstrate and explain how the expressive qualities (e.g., dynamics, tempo, timbre, articulation) are used in performers' and personal interpretations to reflect expressive intent.
- 1.3.A.5.Cn Connecting
- **1.3A.5.Cn10a:** Demonstrate how interests, knowledge, and skills related to personal choices and intent when creating, performing, and responding to music. (This Performance Expectation is embedded in the following Artistic Processes: 1.3A.5.Cr2a, 1.3A.5.Cr3b, 1.3A.5.Pr4e, 1.3A.5.Re7a)
- **1.3A.5Cn11a:** Demonstrate understanding of relationships between music and the other arts, other disciplines, varied contexts, and daily life. (This Performance Expectation is embedded in the following Artistic Processes: 1.3A.5.Cr2a, 1.3A.5.Cr3b, 1.3A.5.Pr4e, 1.3A.5.Re7a)

Enduring Understandings	Essential Questions
Anchor Standard 1: Generating and conceptualizing ideas.	1.How do musicians generate creative ideas?
1. The creative ideas, concepts and feelings that influence musicians' work emerge from a variety of sources.	
Anchor Standard 2: Organizing and developing ideas.  2. Musicians' creative choices are influenced by their expertise, context and expressive intent.	2. How do musicians make creative decisions?
Anchor Standard 3: Refining and completing products. 3. Musicians evaluate and refine their work through openness to new ideas, persistence and the application of appropriate criteria.	3. How do musicians improve the quality of their creative work?
Anchor Standard 4: Selecting, analyzing, and interpreting work.  4. Performers' interest in and knowledge of musical works, understanding of their own technical skill, and the context for a performance influence the selection of repertoire.	4. How do performers select repertoire?
Anchor Standard 5: Developing and refining techniques and models or steps needed to create products.  5. To express their musical ideas, musicians analyze, evaluate and refine their performance over time through openness to new ideas, persistence and the application of appropriate criteria.	5. How do musicians improve the quality of their performance?
Anchor Standard 6: Conveying meaning through art. 6. Musicians judge performance based on criteria that vary across time, place and cultures. The context and how a work is presented influence audience response.	6. When is a performance judged ready to present? How do context and the manner in which musical work is presented influence audience response?
Anchor Standard 7: Perceiving and analyzing products. 7. Individuals' selection of musical works is influenced by their interests, experiences, understandings, and purposes. Response	

to music is informed by analyzing context (e.g., social, cultural, historical) and how creator(s) or performer(s) manipulate the elements of music.

# Anchor Standard 8: Interpreting intent and meaning.

8. Through their use of elements and structures of music, creators and performers provide clues to their expressive intent.

# Anchor Standard 9: Applying criteria to evaluate products.

9. The personal evaluation of musical work(s) and performance(s) is informed by analysis, interpretation, and established criteria.

# Anchor Standard 10: Synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal experiences to create products.

10. Musicians connect their personal interests, experiences, ideas, and knowledge to creating, performing, and responding.

# Anchor Standard 11: Relating artistic ideas and works within societal, cultural, and historical contexts to deepen understanding..

11. Musicians connect their personal interests, experiences, ideas, and knowledge to creating, performing, and responding.

7. How do individuals choose music to experience? How does understanding the structure and context of music inform a response?

- 8. How do we discern the musical creators' and performers' expressive intent?
- 9. How do we judge the quality of musical work(s) and performance(s)?
- 10. How do musicians make meaningful connections to creating, performing, and responding?
- 11. How do the other arts, other disciplines, contexts, and daily life inform creating, performing, and responding to music?

Unit Goals	Teaching Points
Instruments	<ul> <li>Create and improvise rhythm patterns and melodies on Orff Instruments with a single mallet in the C, D, E, and F pentatonic scale at various tempi.</li> <li>Improvise a melody on a diatonic scale over a given harmonic progression using I-V7, ending on the home tone played on barred instruments or recorder.</li> <li>Identify accents, pizzicato, slurs, phrasing</li> <li>Develop an understanding on how to play instruments.</li> <li>Perform using pitched and unpitched percussion instruments in songs from various cultures, singing</li> </ul>
	games, and holidays.

### Skills (Students will be able to...)

### When Creating...

- Create/improvise rhythm patterns and melodies using pitched percussion instruments and non-pitched percussion instruments.
- Create and perform a short piece of music using metal and/or wood barred instruments, non-pitched percussion instruments, or homemade instruments to depict the chosen elements.
- Identify, construct, notate, and perform I, IV, and V7 chords.
- Improvise a melody on a diatonic scale over a given harmonic progression using I-V7, ending on the home tone played on barred instruments.

### When Performing...

- Demonstrate higher degree of ability to identify melodic concepts in listening to, moving to, reading music and performing vocally and playing on a melodic instrument.
- On pitched barred instrument, perform three-part pieces in duple and triple meter, notated in treble and bass clef, using note values from 16th-note to whole note/rest, including syncopations, and pitches in diatonic scales with chromatic additions; and dynamic and tempo changes (subito); allegro, moderato, adagio, accelerando, ritardando, presto, andante, allegretto, lento, fermata...
- Play a written or echoed rhythm, a steady beat, a steady beat with dynamics (i.e., forte and piano), various tempi on Orff instrument using two mallets, or unpitched percussion instrument.
- Identify accents, pizzicato, slurs, and phrasing.
- Demonstrate proper care and use of classroom instruments.
- Use appropriate labels when describing classroom instruments.

### When Responding...

- Self and group-critique of instrumental techniques while performing rhythm, beat, and dynamics.
- Respond to conductor's cues.

# When Connecting...

- Classify orchestra instruments into families (brass, strings, woodwinds, percussion), and by pitch range.
- Identify tone qualities produced by symphony orchestra. concert band, Son Jarocho (Mexican), Gamelan (Indonesian), marching band, dance band, military band, rock band, synthesized sounds, electric guitar, acapella singing.
- Age appropriate discussion how personal experiences influence creation/improvisation of musical patterns and melodies on instruments.
- Experience a variety of instrumental timbres through historical and cultural music examples.

# Social Emotional Learning Competencies (https://selarts.org/)

### **SELF**

### SELF-AWARENESS

- 01.LE.Idenitfy situations that produce positive and negative emotions
- o 03.LE.Identify one's skills and interests.
- o 03.LE.Distinguish areas where one needs support

### • SELF-MANAGEMENT

- 06.LE.Describe the steps in setting and working to achieve a goal.
- 07.LE.With increasing independence begin to recognize that everyone has personal strengths and those resources could be used to achieve goals..

### **OTHERS**

### SOCIAL-AWARENESS

- 08.LE.Describe potential causes for emotions.
- o 09.LE.Recognize similarities and differences between cultures.
- o 10.LE.Develop skills to participate in conversations where individuals have different points of view.

### • RELATIONSHIP SKILLS

13.LE.Constantly utilize "active listening" skills.

### **DECISION-MAKING**

### • RESPONSIBLE DECISION-MAKING

- o 17.LE. With adult support, understand that there are steps to positive decision making (e.g. stop, calm down, identify the problem, consider alternatives, make a choice, try it out, reflect and evaluate).
- 18.LE.Identify goals, generate alternative responses and evaluate consequences for a range of academic and social situations.
- o 19.LE.Identify social norms (e.g., waiting patiently in line, speaking respectfully when asking for help) and safety considerations (e.g., walk rather than run in the hall, stay away from the edge of a cliff) that guide behavior.

#### Evidence of Learning (Assessments) Accommodations and Modifications Formative Assessments: Special Education Music Class Participation Rubrics (See Rubrics Section of Document) Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, Daily Music Challenge & Mainstream Learners) Oral/Verbal Responses to Teacher Questions/Instruction Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications Informal Observations of Student Musical Response Curricular Modifications and Guidance for Students Educated in Self-Assessment/Student Reflection Special Class Settings Differentiation: Preview content and concepts Behavior management plan **Summative Assessments:** Highlight text Small group setting Written Tests/Quizzes High-Prep Differentiation: Performance Tests/Quizzes • Alternative formative and summative assessments Guided Reading Personal agendas Project-based learning Benchmark Assessments: Problem-based learning Stations/centers rough drafts for each project Tiered activities/assignments Rubric based final project for each unit Varying organizers for instructions Student self-assessment Low-Prep Differentiation: Clubbing activities Exploration by interest Alternative Assessments: Flexible groupings Homework - extended drawing at home **English Language Learners** Presentations Verbal Critiques Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, & Mainstream Learners) Unit 1: Curriculum for ELL Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications Multi-language glossary Pupil edition in Spanish Vocabulary flash cards Students at Risk for Failure Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, & Mainstream Learners) Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications Gifted and Talented

- Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, & Mainstream Learners)
- Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications

### Students with 504 Plans

- Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, & Mainstream Learners)
- Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications

# Core Instructional and Supplemental Materials Professional Resources:

# Core Instructional, Supplemental, Instructional, and Intervention Resources

### Core Professional Resources:

- GAMEPLAN: An Active Music Curriculum" Grade K ISBN: 0-9767650-5-5
- Florham Park Curriculum
- National Association for Music Education (NAfME)
- Northern New Jersey Orff Schulwerk Association (NNJOSA)
- Dalcroze (dalcrozeusa.org)
- Gordon (giml.org)
- Kodaly (oake.org)
- Little Kids Rock (littlekidsrock.org)
- Orff (aosa.org)
- SongWorks (songworkseducators.org)
- Suzuki (suzukiassociation.org)
- Teachers may wish to stick with "what they know," or use some combination of the above. Either way, they are encouraged to become familiar with diverse approaches to music education.

# Supplemental Professional Resources:

- All Books by Jeff Kriskie and Randy DeLelles
- "Making the Most of the Holidays"
- "Highlighting the Holidays"
- "Time for a Rhyme"
- "2nd Rhyme Around"
- "3rd Rhymes a Charm"
- "Strike it Rich"
- "As American as Apple Pie"

### **Core Instructional Resources:**

- Guitar
- Piano
- CD Player/Speaker System
- Soprano/Alto/Bass Xylophones
- Soprano/Alto Glockenspiels
- Soprano/Alto Metallophone
- Various unpitched percussion instruments
- Singing
- Audio Recordings
- Playing on Instruments
- Video Recording
- A Song Game
- Movement/Dance
- A Story
- Questions/Puzzles
- Secret Song Clues
- Ranges of Notation

### Supplemental Resources:

- Tonic Solfa/Solfege Syllables for tone and melody
- Rhythm Syllables (Gordon, Kodaly, Takadimi, etc.)
- Echo Singing and Antiphonning
- Sibelius Software
  - Used to modify scores and notation (larger, with note names in note head, etc)
- Visual Aids
  - Colored key dots for xylophone
  - o Xylophone Diagram
  - Solfege hand signals chart
- Flocabulary

### **Intervention Resources:**

	Grade 5 Scope and Sequence for Vocal Music
	<ul> <li>Tiered Interventions following RtI framework</li> <li>RtI Intervention Bank</li> <li>Fundations Double-Dose (Tier II)</li> <li>LLI (Tier III)</li> <li>FFI Skill Report: DRA On-Line</li> <li>enVisioninterventionsupports</li> <li>NJDOE resources</li> </ul>
Interdisciplinary Connections	Integration of Technology through NJSLS
This is where you make any connections that lend itself to the curriculum.  See example.  Correlates to routines unit in math, rules and community units in social studies Identify classroom routines in other subject areas: math, science, and social studies.  In Social Studies discuss routines in the community  Companion standards:  CCSS.ELA-LITER ACY.RF.5.4  CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.5.OA.B.3  CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.5.MD.B.2  6.1.4.A.10  8.1.5.A.1, 8.1.5.A.3	<ul> <li>Create a word study word sort in Inspiration.</li> <li>Listen to books on CDs, tapes, videos or podcasts if available.</li> <li>Listen to books on websites (pbskids.org/lions/index.html, storylineonline.net, storyit.com, Elementary Connections Page)</li> <li>Use a document camera or overhead projector for shared reading of texts.</li> </ul>
Programming	
Integration of 21st Century Themes	Media Literacy Integration
	Media Literacy Integration      Ask students to look for specific things when they view videos or read print material, and then ask questions about those items     Build on the intuitive knowledge students have gained from media about the story and character     Clarify the distinction between fiction and nonfiction in different types of media reporting on the same topic     Use print materials to practice reading and comprehension skills
Integration of 21st Century Themes  See example.  Creativity and Innovation Critical Thinking and Problem Solving Communication and Collaboration Information Literacy Media Literacy Life and Career Skills Global and Environmental Awareness Problem Solving Skills Personal Literacy Business Initiative and Self Direction Manage Goals and Time Work Independently	<ul> <li>Ask students to look for specific things when they view videos or read print material, and then ask questions about those items</li> <li>Build on the intuitive knowledge students have gained from media about the story and character</li> <li>Clarify the distinction between fiction and nonfiction in different types of media reporting on the same topic</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>Red Ribbon Week</li> <li>International Dot Day (September 16)</li> </ul>
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